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## (2E)-1-(2,4-Dimethylquinolin-3-yl)-3-(thiophen-2-yl)prop-2-en-1-one

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Abstract: Two independent but virtually identical molecules comprise the asymmetric unit in the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{NOS}$. With reference to the quinolin-3-yl group, the 3-(thiophen-2-yl)prop-2-en-1-one residue is almost perpendicular, with all but the carbonyl O atom lying to one side of the plane. This conformation is reflected by the C-C-C-C torsion angles of -102.2 (3) and 81.1 (3) ${ }^{\circ}$ in the two independent molecules. The dihedral angle formed between the 13 non- H atoms directly associated with the quinolin-3-yl group and the thiophen-2-yl ring is $87.70(11)^{\circ}\left[83.85(10)^{\circ}\right.$ for the second independent molecule]. The presence of C-H.., O, C-H...N and $\pi-\pi$ interactions [centroid-centroid distance $=$ 3.5590 (12) $\AA$ ] lead to supramolecular chains along the $c$-axis direction. These are connected along the $a$-axis direction by $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} . . . \pi$ interactions. The resultant supramolecular layers stack along the $b$ axis.

