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Title: Microbial Gutta-Percha Degradation Shares Common Steps with Rubber Degradation by Nocardia nova SH22a Author(s): Luo, Q (Luo, Quan); Hiessl, S (Hiessl, Sebastian); Poehlein, A (Poehlein, Anja); Steinbuchel, A (Steinbuechel, Alexander) Source: APPLIED AND ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY Volume: 79 Issue: 4 Pages: 1140-1149 DOI: 10.1128/AEM.03016-12 Published: FEB 2013 **Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 3 Total Times Cited: 3** Usage Count (Last 180 days): 0 Usage Count (Since 2013): 12 Cited Reference Count: 81 Abstract: Nocardia nova SH22a, a bacterium capable of degrading gutta-percha (GP) and natural rubber (NR), was used to investigate the GP degradation mechanism and the relations between the GP and NR degradation pathways. For this strain, a protocol of electroporation was systematically optimized, and an efficiency of up to 4.3 x 10(7) CFU per mu g of plasmid DNA was achieved. By applying this optimized protocol to N. nova SH22a, a Tn5096-based transposon mutagenesis library of this bacterium was constructed. Among about 12,000 apramycin-resistant transformants, we identified 76 stable mutants defective in GP or NR utilization. Whereas 10 mutants were specifically defective in GP utilization, the growth of the other 66 mutants was affected on both GP and NR. This indicated that the two degradation pathways are quite similar and share many common steps. The larger number of GP-degrading defective mutants could be explained in one of two ways: either (i) the GP pathway is more complex and harbors more specific steps or (ii) the steps for both pathways are almost identical, but in the case of GP degradation there are fewer enzymes involved in each step. The analysis of transposition loci and genetic studies on interesting genes confirmed the crucial role of an alpha-methylacyl-coenzyme A racemase in the degradation of both GP and NR. We also demonstrated the probable involvement of enzymes participating in oxidoreduction reactions, beta-oxidation, and the synthesis of complex cell envelope lipids in the degradation of GP. Accession Number: WOS:000314891500010 PubMed ID: 23220954 Language: English Document Type: Article KeyWords Plus: METHYLACYL-COA RACEMASE; KETO REDUCTASE SUPERFAMILY; SPECIES GORDONIA-POLYISOPRENIVORANS; COMPLETE GENOME SEQUENCE; COENZYME-A RACEMASE; NATURAL-RUBBER; MYCOBACTERIUM-TUBERCULOSIS; PHTHIOCEROL DIMYCOCEROSATE; BACTERIAL-DEGRADATION; ALDOSE REDUCTASE Addresses: [Luo, Quar; Hiess], Sebastian; Steinbuechel, Alexander] Univ Munster, Inst Mol Mikrobiol & Biotechnol, D-48149 Munster, Germany. [Poehlein, Anja] Univ Gottingen, Dept Genom & Appl Microbiol, D-37073 Gottingen, Germany. [Poehlein, Anja] Univ Gottingen, Gottingen Genom Lab, Inst Mikrobiol & Genet, D-37073 Gottingen, Germany. [Steinbuechel, Alexander] King Abdulaziz Univ, Fac Biol, Jeddah 21413, Saudi Arabia. Reprint Address: Steinbuchel, A (reprint author), Univ Munster, Inst Mol Mikrobiol & Biotechnol, D-48149 Munster, Germany. E-mail Addresses: steinbu@uni-muenster.de **Author Identifiers:** Author **ResearcherID** Number **ORCID** Number Fac Sci, KAU, Biol Sci Dept L-4228-2013 0000-0002-2473-6202 Poehlein, Anja Publisher: AMER SOC MICROBIOLOGY Publisher Address: 1752 N ST NW, WASHINGTON, DC 20036-2904 USA Web of Science Categories: Biotechnology & Applied Microbiology; Microbiology Research Areas: Biotechnology & Applied Microbiology; Microbiology **IDS Number: 089EE** ISSN: 0099-2240 29-char Source Abbrev.: APPL ENVIRON MICROB ISO Source Abbrev.: Appl. Environ. Microbiol. Source Item Page Count: 10 Funding:

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