









MainPage

About College

Files

Researches

Courses

Favorite Links

Our Contacts

Visits Of this Page:3

🔼 SHARE



## Research Details:

Research Title : <u>UTILIZATION OF DATE-SEED LIPID AND HYDROLYSATE IN THE</u>

FERMENTATIVE FORMATION OF OXYTETRACYCLINE BY S

<u>UTILIZATION OF DATE-SEED LIPID AND HYDROLYSATE IN THE</u> FERMENTATIVE FORMATION OF OXYTETRACYCLINE BY S

Description : Date-seed lipids and date-seed hydrolysate were investigated as

carbon and nitrogen sources in the fermentation medium for the formation of oxytetracycline by Streptomyces rimosus. It was found that date-seed lipids in a concentration of 70.0 mg/ml were a good carbon source and gave higher titres for the antibiotic than glucose. Date-seed lipids acted as carbon sources and antifoaming agents in the fermentation medium. It was also found that date-seed amino-acid hydrolysate in a concentration of 4.0 mg/ml was a suitable nitrogen source for the biosynthesis of oxytetracycline by Streptomyces rimosus, and gave higher titres of the antibiotic

than did urea.

Research Type : Article Research Year : 1992

Publisher : BIORESOURCE TECHNOLOGY Volume: 41 Issue: 1 Pages: 41-43

Added Date : Saturday, June 14, 2008

## Researchers:

Researcher Name (Arabic) Researcher Name (English) Researcher Type Degree Email

أستاذ Researcher أستاذ Researcher